B-4470

BALTIMORE CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY CO. CAR BARN AND STABLES BALTIMORE CITY, MD

This was one of the most elegant Victorian car barns in the city, but its integrity has been greatly damaged by the removal of the upper portion of the Madison Street elevation. What remains in good condition are the stables: a one-story, gable-roofed section at the western end of the building with slate end wall. The name of the original owners--the Baltimore City Passenger Railway Company--are outlined in this slate wall. Commercial private use today.

## D INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES FORM SANDTOWN-WINCHESTER SURVEY

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES REGISTRATION FORM
1. Name of Property
historic name Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables
other names/site number B-4470
2. Location
street & number 2560-70 Madison not for publication
city or town Baltimore vicinity N/A state Maryland code MD county Baltimore City code 510 zip code 21217
3. State/Federal Agency Certification N/A
National Park Service Certification N/A
5. Classification
Ownership of Property (Check as many boxes as apply)  x private  public-local  public-State  public-Federal
Category of Property (Check only one box)  x building(s)  district  site  structure object
Number of Resources within Property
Contributing Noncontributing  1 buildings sites structures objects Total

SDI/NPS NRHP Registration Form (Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables) (Baltimore City, MD) (Page 2)
Number of contributing resources previously listed in the National Register 0
Name of related multiple property listing (Enter "N/A" if property is not part of a multiple property listing.) N/A
6. Function or Use
Historic Functions (Enter categories from instructions)
Cat: TRANSPORATION Sub: rail-related
Current Functions (Enter categories from instructions)
Cat:Sub:
7. Description
Architectural Classification (Enter categories from instructions)
LATE VICTORIAN
Materials (Enter categories from instructions)
foundation BRICK roof
walls BRICK
other STONE: marble, slate
Narrative Description (Describe the historic and current condition of the property on one or more continuation sheets.) See continuation sheet.
8. Statement of Significance See continuation sheet.
Areas of Significance (Enter categories from instructions)  Transportation Architecture

USDI/NPS NRHP Registration Form  Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Stables)  (Baltimore City, MD) (Page 3)
Period of Significance C. 1882-1940
Significant Dates c. 1882-90
Significant Person (Complete if Criterion B is marked above)
Cultural Affiliation N/A
Architect/Builder
Narrative Statement of Significance (Explain the significance of the proper one or more continuation sheets.) See continuation sheet.
9. Major Bibliographical References
Maps
Bromley, G.W. and Co. Atlas of the City of Baltimore, Vol. 1. Philadelphia 1885, 1896.  Hopkins, G.M. Map of the City of Baltimore, Maryland. 1876, 1877.  Sanborn Map Company. Insurance Maps, Baltimore, Maryland, Vols. 2,3, and New York: 1890, 1901, 1914, 1928.  Simmons, Isaac. 1852 Revision of the Thomas H. Poppleton Map. Baltimore: 1852.
Farrell, Michael R. Who made All Our Streetcars Go? Baltimore National Railway Historical Society Publications, 1973.
Records of the Baltimore Streetcar Museum
10. Geographical Data
Acreage of Property Lot = 121' 10" x 238' 7"

SDI/NPS NRHP Registration Form (Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables) (Baltimore City, MD) (Page 4)
UTM References (Place additional UTM references on a continuation sheet)
Zone Easting Northing Zone Easting Northing
1 3
See continuation sheet.
Verbal Boundary Description (Describe the boundaries of the property.)
Blck 3418A, Lot29A
Boundary Justification (Explain why the boundaries were selected.) The boundaries are based on a city lot(s) retaining original property lines.
11. Form Prepared By
ame/title Elizabeth Jo Lampl & Kay Fanning/Architectural Historians organization Robinson & Associates date July 1992 street & number 1710 Connecticut Ave., NW telephone (202) 234-2333 city or town Washington state DC zip code 20009
Property Owner
(Complete this item at the request of the SHPO or FPO.)  name
street&number telephone city or town Baltimore state MD zip code
TIP OUE

NPS Form 10-900-a (8-86)

OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 5 & 6 Page 1

Baltimore City Passenger Railway
Co. Car Barn and Stables
name of property
Baltimore City, Maryland
county and State

#### HISTORIC CONTEXT

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization: Piedmont

Chronological/Developmental Period(s): Industrial/Urban Dominance

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s): Transportation; Architecture, Landscape Architecture, and Community Planning

#### Resource Type:

Category: building(s)

Historic Environment: urban

Historic Function(s) and Use(s): transportation

Known Design Source: none

NPS Form 10-900-a 8-86) OMB No. 1024-0018

United States Department of the Interior National Park Service

NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 1

Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables name of property Baltimore City, Maryland county and State

#### DESCRIPTION

This one-story, gable-roofed, stables/car barn/office was erected by the Baltimore City Passenger Railway Company c. 1882-1890. It sits at a prominent corner just south of the Druid Hill Park arch on Madison Street and spans the distance between Madison and McCulloh. It is the only extant horsecar stable in the survey area.

It was a magnificent High Victorian Gothic edifice before the loss of its upper story on the eastern, or office side of the building (see attached). riginally, the building's Madison Avenue elevation was marked by a series of gabled parapets capped by finals, decorative polychromatic horizontal banding, and a steep cross-gabled roof with corbelled brick chimney. The car entrance area was a wide open bay just to the south of the corner of Madison Avenue, marked by brick piers culminating in small, slate-capped turrets. The transition from the high-style office portion of the building to the shed of the car barn/stables was gradual, with the roof heights sloping down to ultimately merge with the monitor roof of the shed.

Today, only the base of the eastern portion of the building, and the shedlike western portion of the building remain intact. The shed-like stables feature an end-gable entrance wall and long side elevations. Stepped buttresses define the horse stall bays, and straight-sided buttresses mark the corners. The original monitor, however, has been removed.

The McCulloh Street gable facade was, apparently, open across its lower section for at least some of its history. Today, this section has been mostly filled in with brick. Based on the maps, the southern opening, not an original feature, is an alteration and functioned as the entry/exit for the streetcar when the building was converted from a simple stable to a depot.

The main feature of the gable is a patterned slate wall, of which the original company sign written in shingling is the main feature. An upper gable is set off from this large signage area by a molding strip in the able. The upper gable originally held a five-part window, now boarded up.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 7 Page 2

Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables name of property Baltimore City, Maryland county and State

In the side bays are groups of three square, short windows with stone lintels and sills continuous for each group. These openings are also boarded up. The tall buttresses at the facade corners have roof turrets covered with sheet metal, crowned with curling metal finials. Small vents with hipped roofs stand along the roof ridge.

Although the building is identified as a depot and offices on the 1896 map, this area first appears clearly as offices in the 1901 Sanborn Map.

Long stable wings, originally detached from the main block but located adjacent to it on the south side of the lot, appear to have been reworked into the building as a whole.

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES CONTINUATION SHEET

Section 8 Page 1

Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables name of property Baltimore City, Maryland county and State

#### SIGNIFICANCE

In 1882, the Baltimore City Passenger Railway Company (City Passenger) extended its Madison Line to the entrance to Druid Hill Park. The result was this High Victorian Gothic Stables/Carn Barn built between c1880 and 1896. While other railway companies had routes out to the Park, only BCP's route had the more fashionable terminus of the Park's triumphal Madison Arch.

This building was the car house for the Madison Avenue and Broadway Line. The 1885 City Directory identifies this line as the one with white cars and thite lights. The line's route was from Druid Hill Park, via Madison Avenue, to Eutaw and Baltimore streets, and Broadway to Thames street. Return was via the same route. Cars left the station every four minutes. By 1896, the company's electric trolleys were in such demand that the barn was doubled in capacity, to accommodate 50 cars. (It appears, by historic maps, that former stable wings to the south of the building were incorporated into the building as a whole.) The 1896 Bromley Atlas shows that the building was serving at that time as both a depot and offices.

#### History of the Company's Madison Avenue, or White Line

Prior to 1862, City Passenger was a city-chartered franchise unable to extend its tracks beyond Boundary Street (North Avenue) into Baltimore County. Although City Passenger incorporated in 1862, and was therefore no longer restricted just to the city proper, it was too late to fully capitalize on the Baltimore County Druid Hill Park traffic. Another firm, the City Park Railway claimed ownership of this route, and City Passenger was able only to capitalize on the extension to the Park by operating their competitor's route. For a year, the company did so by linking its original Madison Line terminus (at North Avenue) with the park itself via a route straight up McCulloh Street (see attached map of 1872).

When City Passenger sought to exit from the agreement with City Park Railway due to financial constraints, the Park Commission resolved to operate a makeshift solution to move people from North Avenue into the Park's grounds. It bought and operated "dummy" cars (steam locomotive cars disguised to

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Section 8 Page 2

Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables name of property Baltimore City, Maryland county and State

resemble horsecars) and transported people from the corner of North and Madison into the Park itself. After a competitor's operation of the dummy line's route ceased in 1873, the path was cleared for others to compete directly in the park market.

Finally, in 1882, City Passenger sought and received permission to extend its Madison line to the southern base of the park. This became the company's exclusive park route. By 1890, Citizens, People's and Central Railways also had lines which arrived at the Fulton Avenue entrance to the park.

### istory of the Company

The City Passenger was the first streetcar firm in Baltimore, beginning as an omnibus and horsecar concern in 1859. A park tax was placed upon the company's operations in order to provide for the newly created public park. (Druid Hill Park was opened in 1860.) This tax was also levied to finance a grand Avenue to surround the circumference of the city, the layout of which can be seen by the dotted lines on the 1852 Poppleton map (see attached).

In 1862, this tax accounted for one-fifth of the company's gross receipts for the year. That same year the cost of running 54 cars was \$513, or \$9.50 per car. The company complained that year that the park tax was destroying its capability to make rail and car improvements, besides making a profit. After several attempts at rejuvenating the company through fare increases, the City saw fit to reduce the park tax to 12 percent in 1874. By the mid-1880s, the tax was reduced to 9 percent. In 1932, the park tax was being levied at 3 percent.

For all the company's pioneering of the streetcar industry in Baltimore, City Passenger Railway was never in the forefront of streetcar technology. Instead, the company was one step behind its competitors, as it converted to cable from horsecar at the same time that Baltimore Traction was upgrading from cable to electric. A quote (undated) from a former director of the company provides insight into the firm's decision, saying: "We adopted cable ower reluctantly, but were forced to do so owing to the popular clamor

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Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Car Barn and Stables name of property Baltimore City, Maryland county and State

against electricity." In 1893, when City Passenger converted some of its lines to cable, it was one of the last railway companies in the country to do so. Finally, in 1898, the White Line ran electric trolleys.

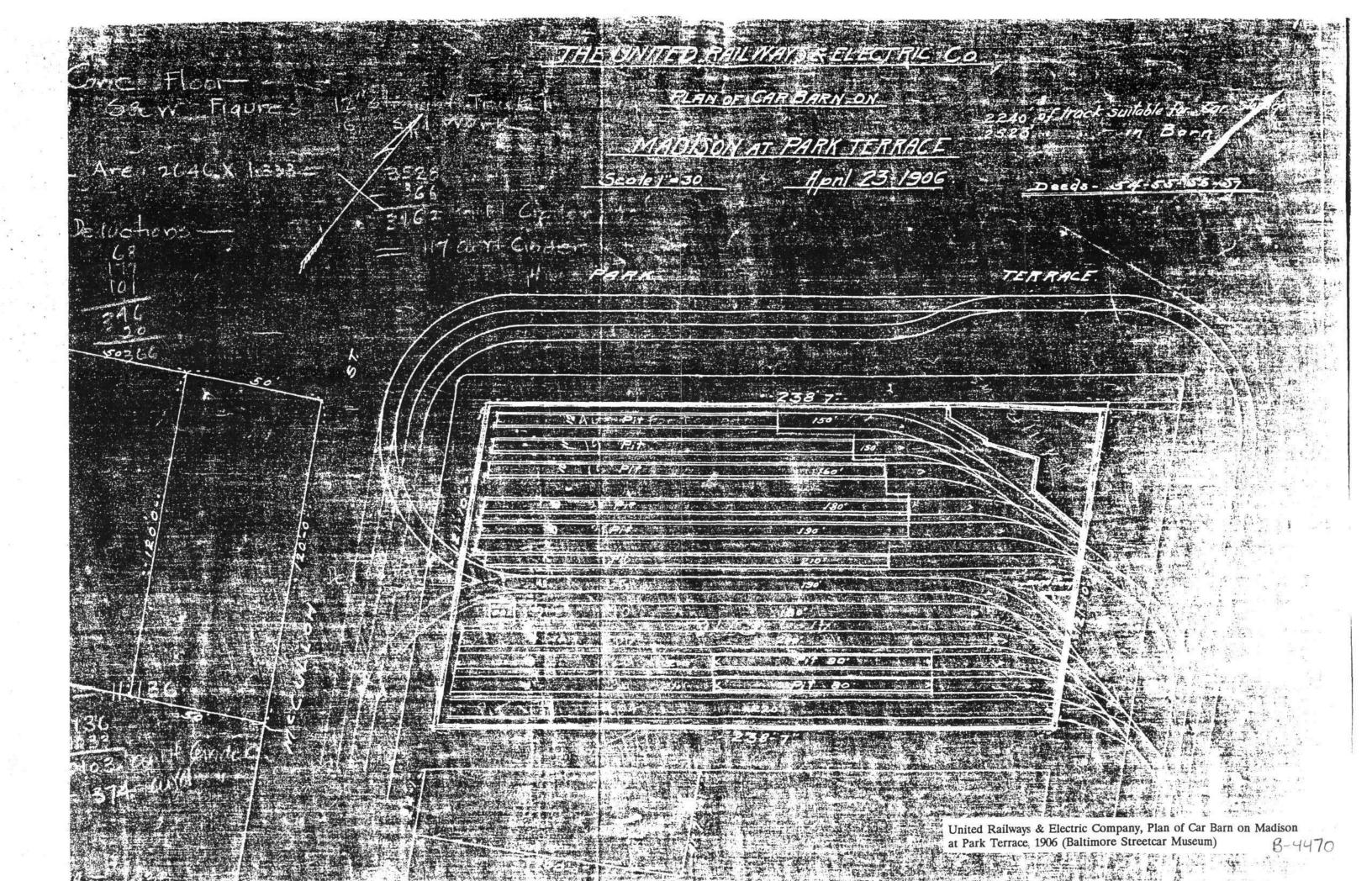
In 1898, City Passenger absorbed Central Railway into its concern. That same year, the merger was broadened to include the Baltimore & Northern. The result was the June 1, 1899 incorporation of the United Railways and Electric Company.

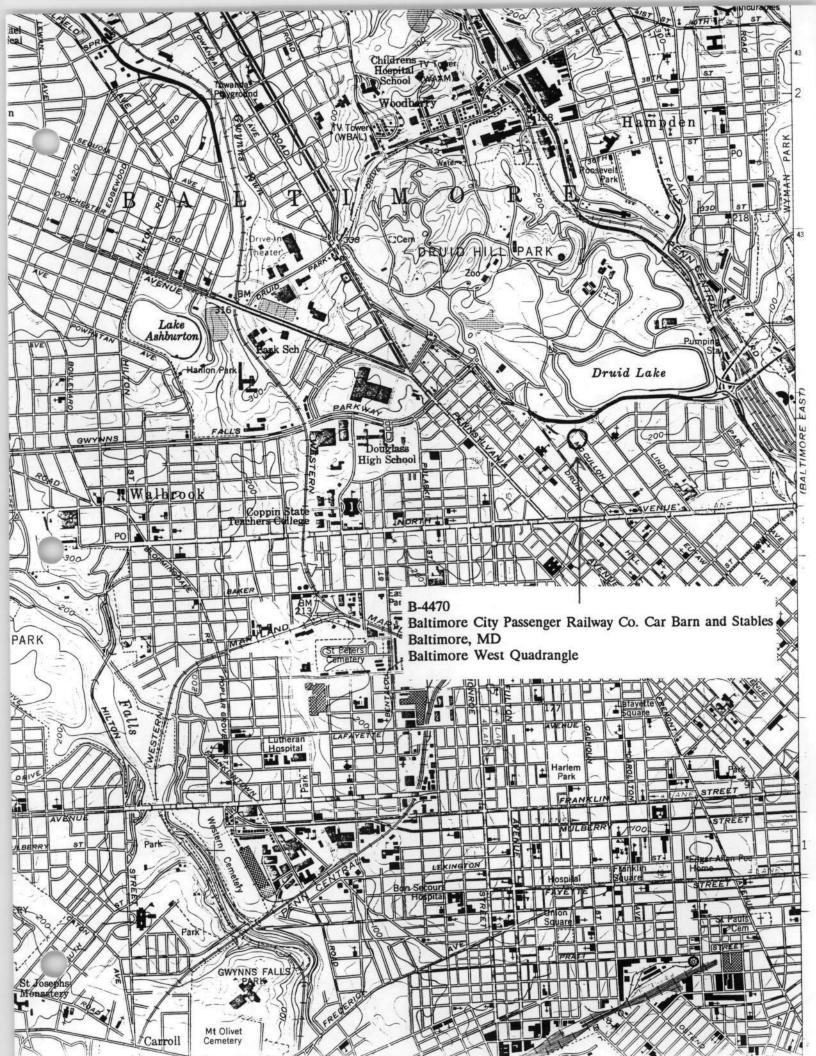
n 1906, United Railway's 1906 floor plan of the Madison Avenue car barn eveals eight maintenance pits. (See attached floor plan.) The northeast section of the building is the only space not designated to operations, and accommodated the company's office.

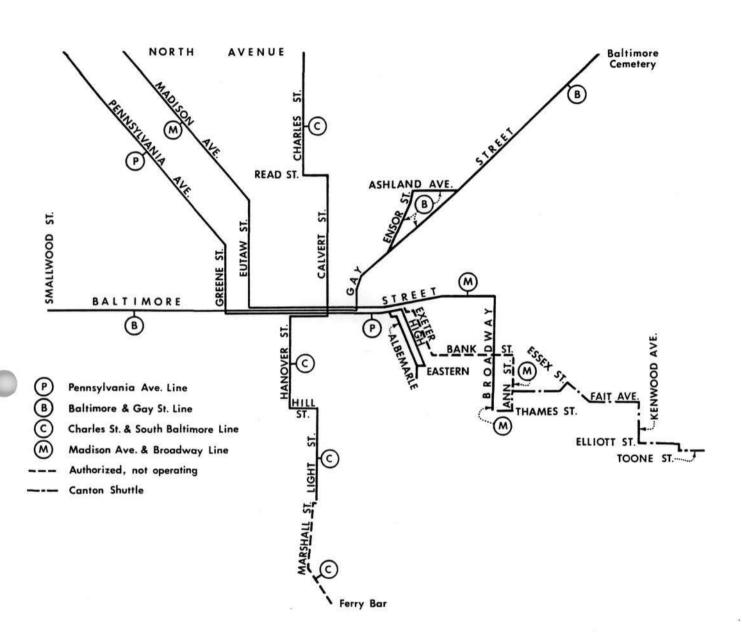
<sup>1</sup> From The Cable Car, Baltimore Streetcar Museum files.

RECONNAISSANCE-LEVEL SURVEY FORM
Neg. No
Current Name/Use
Resource/Property Type Rowhouses Commercial Structure
Attached Public/Institutional Building Attached Public Housing Site X Other Note: transportational structure
Stories1
Primary Material <u>brick</u> Secondary Material <u>slate, stone</u>
Roof Form end-gable
No. of Bays in Unit/Facade11
Window Type: Double-Hung Door Type: Single-Leaf Double-Leaf Double-Leaf Number of panels (if visible) Z/1 Sash Transom
Architectural Style Victorian Date c. 1852-90
Noteworthy Features: Shed building with buttresses along sides; at facade corners, buttresses with sheet-metal finials. Original slate gable end with company sign. Groups of 3 fixed windows with stone lintels and sills in bays. Facade has been infilled.
Alterations: Formstone Stucco  Vinyl/Aluminum x Window/Door Changes  Awnings Missing Cornice Elements  ? First-Floor Use Change x Other: bricked-in original opening
Status:? Occupied Vacant Mixed
NR Evaluation:x Contributing Non-Contributing
Recommended for Intensive Level: x Yes No
Surveyor: Joey Lampl Affiliation: Robinson & Associates Date: February-April 1992

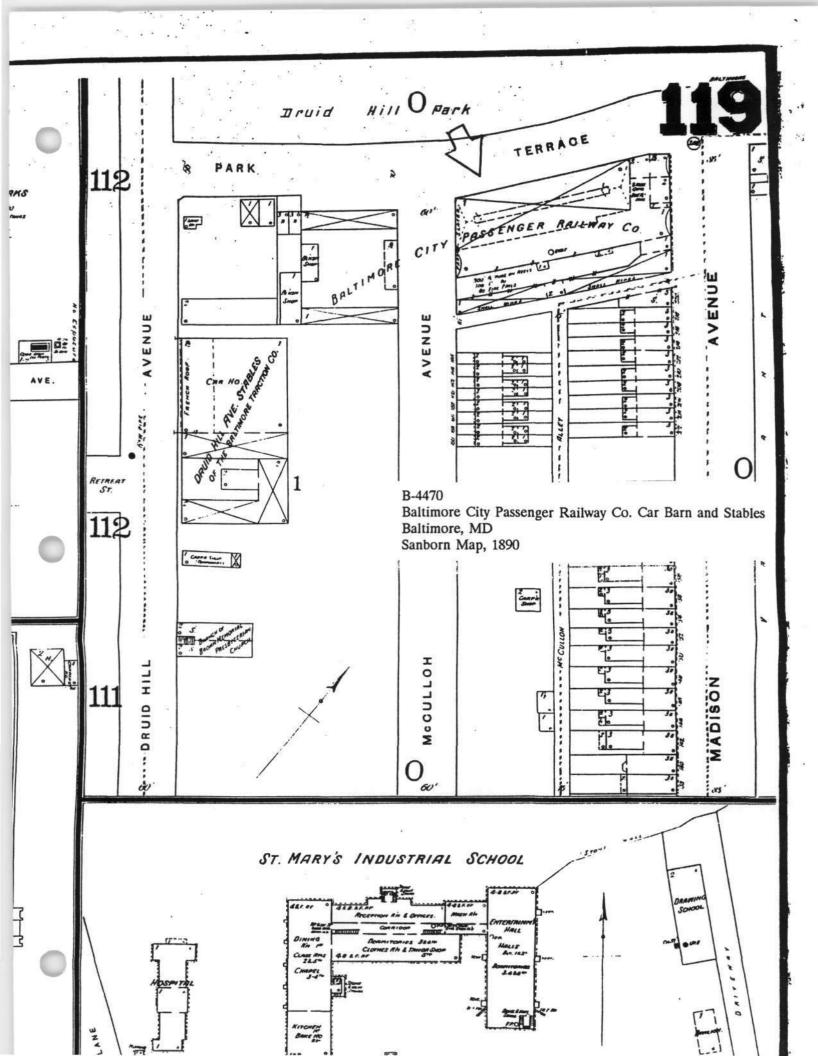


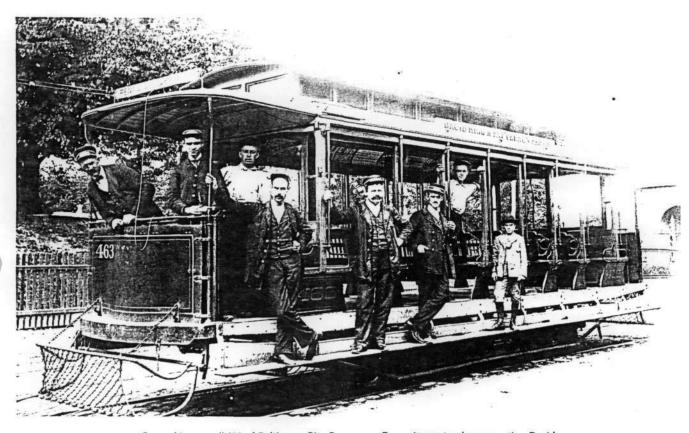






Baltimore City Passenger Rwy. 1871 Not to scale

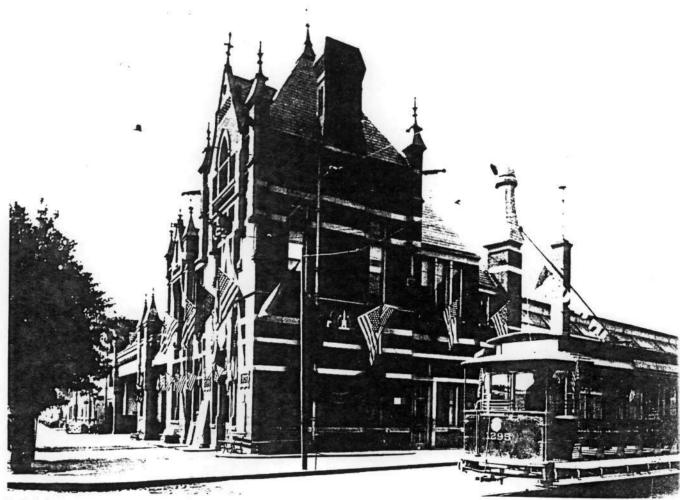




Green Line car #463 of Baltimore City Passenger Rwy. sits on tracks separating Druid Hill Park from Madison Ave. c.h., on part of two-block stretch that was once Baltimore's "shortest line." Laclede 10-bench car rode on Peckam 9 AX extra long truck.

(G. F. Nixon collection)

# At the end of a line



Both Columbia Ave. (Washington Blvd.) 9-bench car and Madison Ave. c.h. are decked out for 50th anniversary of the street railways in Baltimore—1909. Lower portion of the building still stands, but many-turreted upper stories are long gone. (L. C. Mueller collection)



SANDTOWN-WINCHESTER / PENN-NORTH

# B-4470

RALTIMORE, M.D.

ELIZABETH GO LAMPL

MARCH 1992

CITY OF BALTIMORE, GUMISSION FOR HISTORICAL AND ARCHITECTURAL PRESERVATION

HISTORIC: BALTIMORE CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY G. STABLES
GRAFE CLOSEDALE

GRNER, CLOVERDALE & MCCULLOH ; 2560-70 MADISON ROLL 7/NEG 18

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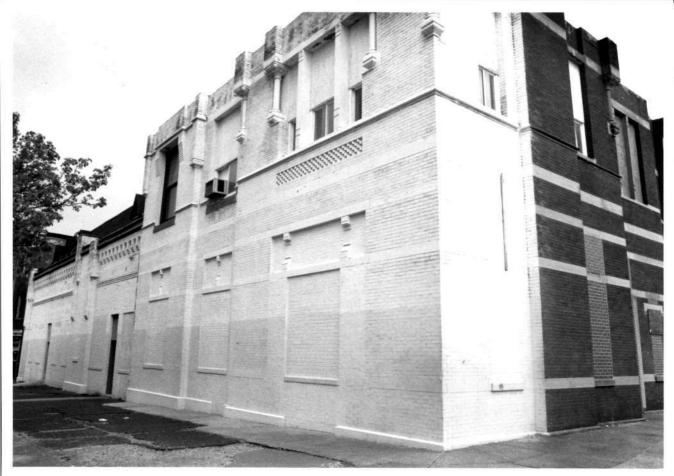


Sandtown-Windrester/Penn-North # B-4470 Baltiniore, MD Leonard Jackson July 1992 City of Baltimore, Commission for Historical and Architectual Preservation Historic: Baltinione aty Passenger Railway Co. Stables Current: 2560-70 Madison NORTH ELEVATION 2 00 4 Roll 10/ heg 10



Sandtown - Winchester/Penr-North 1 B-4470 Baltimore, MD Leonard Jackson July 1992 City of Baltimore, Commission for Historical and Architectural precervation Historic: Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Stables Convent: 2560-70 Madison WEST ELEVATION

RO11 10/ Neg 11



Sandtown - Windrester / Penn - North #B-4470 Baltimore, MD Leonard Jackson July 1992 City of Baltimore, Commission for Historical and Architectural Preservation Historic: Baltimore City Passenger Railway Co. Staldes Curron- 1 2560-70 Madison MADISON AVENUE OR EAST ELEVATION 4 of 4 Roll 11/neg 28